

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA  
ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 15-19**

**Procedures for Adjudicating Applications to Amend Birth Certificates  
(Supplemental to Administrative Order 11-13)**

**WHEREAS**, the Superior Court has jurisdiction to adjudicate Applications to Amend Birth Certificates pursuant to D.C. Code §§ 7-217 and 11-921 (*see also* Superior Court Civil Rule 205); and

**WHEREAS**, under certain circumstances, issues of paternity that are most appropriately handled by a judge of the Family Court of the Superior Court, pursuant to the “One Family, One Judge” requirement of the District of Columbia Family Court Act of 2001, D.C. Code §§ 11-1104 *et seq.* (“One Family, One Judge” requirement of the Family Court Act”), are raised when an Application to Amend Birth Certificate is filed with the Court; and

**WHEREAS**, new procedures should be implemented to further the goals of the “One Family, One Judge” requirement of the Family Court Act when the Court adjudicates Applications to Amend Birth Certificates;

**NOW, THEREFORE**, it is by the Court, exercising the discretion recognized by Superior Court Civil Rules 12-I(b)(i) and 40-I(a),

**ORDERED**, that an applicant who wishes to (a) change the name of a child; (b) add a parent to a child’s birth certificate; or (c) change the name of a parent on a birth certificate of a person who is under the age of 21 years (a “minor”) must file the Application to Amend Birth Certificate (“Application”) with the Family Court Central Intake Center (“Central Intake”), and the following procedures govern such Applications:

- 1) Where there is an open Family Court case, the Application must be assigned to that same judge pursuant to the “One Family, One Judge” requirement of the Family Court Act; or
- 2) Where there is an ongoing child support order, the Application must either be placed on the child support calendar for resolution or be certified by the Presiding Judge of Family Court to another Family Court judge for resolution; or
- 3) Where there is an open Civil Protection Order (“CPO”) involving a minor, Central Intake must notify the Presiding Judge of the Domestic Violence Unit of the existence of the open CPO and consult with that judge to determine whether the Family Court will handle the Application or should certify the Application to the Domestic Violence Unit; and
  - a. If the Application is certified to the Domestic Violence Unit, that Unit must update the record in the FSP case, enter a final order on the Application, and close the case; or

- b. If the Application is not certified to the Domestic Violence Unit, the Application must be assigned for resolution to a Family Court calendar as designated by the Presiding Judge of the Family Court; or
- 4) Where there is a closed or no CPO involving a minor, no existing child support order, and no open Family Court case, the Application must be assigned for resolution to a Family Court calendar as designated by the Presiding Judge of the Family Court; it is further

**ORDERED**, that since issues of paternity are raised when an applicant seeks to change the identity of the father listed in a birth certificate, the judge to whom the Application is assigned may in those circumstances order the applicant to supplement the Application by filing a Petition to Disestablish Paternity with Central Intake; it is further

**ORDERED**, that any an applicant who is 21 years of age or older (an “adult”) who wishes to change or amend that adult applicant’s own name as that name appears on the adult applicant’s own birth certificate must take the Application to Judge-in-Chambers who must check to see if that adult applicant is a party to an open Family Court case or the subject of an ongoing child support order, and the following procedures govern such Applications:

- 1) Where there is an open Family Court case or an ongoing child support order, the Application must be filed in Central Intake, and
  - a. Where there is an open Family Court case, the Application must be assigned to that same judge pursuant to the “One Family, One Judge” requirement of the Family Court Act; or
  - b. Where there is an ongoing child support order, the Application must either be placed on the child support calendar for resolution or be certified by the Presiding Judge of the Family Court to another Family Court judge for resolution; or
- 2) Where there is an open CPO involving an adult, the Application must be filed with the Civil Actions Branch. The judge presiding in Judge-in-Chambers must notify the Presiding Judge of the Domestic Violence Unit of the existence of the open CPO and consult with that judge to determine whether the judge presiding in Judge-in-Chambers will handle the Application or should certify the Application to the Domestic Violence Unit. If the Application is certified to the Domestic Violence Unit, that Unit must update the record in the Civil Actions case, enter a final order on the Application, and close the case; or
- 3) Where there is no open Family Court case, no ongoing child support order, and an expired or no CPO involving an adult, the Application must be filed in the Civil Actions Branch, which will then forward it to Judge-in-Chambers for resolution; it is further

**ORDERED**, that an applicant seeking to change the name on a birth certificate of an adult individual other than the applicant, must first report to Judge-in-Chambers. Judge-in-

