## Rule 61. Harmless Error

No error in either the admission or the exclusion of evidence and no error or defect in any ruling or order or in anything done or omitted by the Court or by any of the parties is ground for granting a new trial or for vacating, modifying or otherwise disturbing a judgment or order, unless refusal to take such action appears to the Court inconsistent with substantial justice. The Court at every stage of the proceeding must disregard any error or defect in the proceeding which does not affect the substantial rights of the parties.

## COMMENT

Clerical mistakes and errors arising from oversight or omission in judgments, orders or other parts of the record, which may be corrected pursuant to SCR-Dom Rel 60(a), constitute harmless error under this Rule.